- 1 CABINET FOR HEALTH AND FAMILY SERVICES
- 2 Department for Medicaid Services
- 3 Commissioner's Office
- 4 (Amendment After Comments)
- 5 907 KAR 1:604. Recipient cost-sharing.
- 6 RELATES TO: KRS 205.560, 205.6312, 205.6485, 205.8451, 319A.010, 327.010,
- 7 334A.020, 42 C.F.R. 430.10, 431.51, 447.15, 447.21, 447.50, 447.52, 447.53, 447.54,
- 8 447.59, 457.224, 457.310, 457.505, 457.510, 457.515, 457.520, 457.530, 457.535,
- 9 457.570, 42 U.S.C. 1396a, 1396b, 1396c, 1396d, 1396o, 1396r-6, 1396r-8, 1396u-1,
- 10 **1397aa -1397jj**
- 11 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 194A.030(2), 194A.050(1), 205.520(3),
- 12 205.6312(5), 205.6485(1), 42 C.F.R. 431.51, 447.15, 447.50-447.82[447.51, 447.53,
- 13 447.54, 447.55, 447.57], 457.535, 457.560, 42 U.S.C. 1396r-6(b)(5)
- NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: The Cabinet for Health and Family
- 15 Services, Department for Medicaid Services has responsibility to administer the Medi-
- caid Program. KRS 205.520(3) authorizes the cabinet, by administrative regulation, to
- comply with any requirement that may be imposed, or opportunity presented, by federal
- law to qualify for federal Medicaid funds for the provision of medical assistance to Ken-
- 19 tucky's indigent citizenry]. KRS 205.6312(5) requires the cabinet to promulgate adminis-
- trative regulations that implement copayments[or other similar charges] for Medicaid re-
- cipients.[KRS 205.6485(1)(c) requires the cabinet to establish, by administrative regula

- tion, premiums for families with children in the Kentucky Children's Health Insurance
- 2 Program. 42 U.S.C. 1396r-6(b)(5) allows for a monthly premium in the second six (6)
- 3 months of transitional medical assistance.] This administrative regulation establishes
- 4 the provisions relating to Medicaid Program[imposing and collecting] copayments[, co-
- 5 insurance and premiums from certain recipients].
- Section 1. Definitions. (1) "Community spouse" means the individual who is mar-
- 7 <u>ried to an institutionalized spouse who:</u>
- 8 (a) Remains at home in the community; and
- 9 **(b) Is not:**
- 10 <u>1. Living in a medical institution;</u>
- 2. Living in a nursing facility; or
- 3. Participating in a 1915(c) home and community based services waiver pro-
- 13 **gram.**
- 14 (2)["Coinsurance" means a percentage of the cost of a Medicaid benefit that a recipi-
- 15 ent is required to pay.
- 16 (2) "Comprehensive choices" means a benefit plan for an individual who:
- (a) Meets the nursing facility patient status criteria established in 907 KAR 1:022;
- 18 (b) Receives services through either:
- 19 1. A nursing facility in accordance with 907 KAR 1:022;
- 20 2. The Acquired Brain Injury Waiver Program in accordance with 907 KAR 3:090;
- 3. The Home and Community Based Waiver Program in accordance with 907 KAR
- 22 **1:160; or**
- 4. The Model Waiver II Program in accordance with 907 KAR 1:595; and

- (c) Has a designated package code of F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, O, P, Q, or R.
- 2 (3)] "Copayment" means a dollar amount representing the portion of the cost of a
- 3 Medicaid benefit that a recipient is required to pay.
- 4 (3)[(2)](4)] "Department" means the Department for Medicaid Services or its design-
- 5 ee.
- 6 (4) "Dependent child" means a couple's child, including a child gained through
- 7 adoption, who:
- 8 (a) Lives with the community spouse; and
- 9 (b) Is claimed as a dependent by either spouse under the Internal Revenue Ser-
- 10 vice Code.
- 11 (5)[(3)] "DMEPOS" means durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and
- 12 <u>supplies.</u>
- 13 (6)[(4)][(5)] "Drug" means a covered drug provided in accordance with 907 KAR
- 1:019 for which the Department for Medicaid Services provides reimbursement.
- (7)[(5)] "Enrollee" means a Medicaid recipient who is enrolled with a managed care
- organization.
- 17 (8)[(6)] "[Family choices" means a benefit plan for an individual who:
- 18 (a) Is covered pursuant to
- 19 1. 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(I) and 1396u-1;
- 20 2. 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(52) and 1396r-6 (excluding children eligible under Part A or E
- 21 of Title IV, codified as 42 U.S.C. 601 to 619 and 670 to 679b);
- 3. 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) as described in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(I)(1)(B);
- 23 4. 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(VI) as described in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(I)(1)(C);

- 5. 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(VII) as described in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(I)(1)(D); or
- 2 6. 42 C.F.R. 457.310; and
- 3 (b) Has a designated package code of 2, 3, 4, or 5.
- 4 (7) Federal Poverty Level" or "FPL" means guidelines that are updated annually in
- 5 the Federal Register by the United States Department of Health and Human Services
- 6 under authority of 42 U.S.C. 9902(2).
- 7 (9)[(7)][(8) Global choices" means the department's default benefit plan, consisting of
- 8 individuals designated with a package code of A, B, C, D, or E and who are included in
- 9 one (1) of the following populations:
- 10 (a) Caretaker relatives who:
- 11 1. Receive K-TAP benefits and are deprived due to death, incapacity, or absence;
- 2. Do not receive K-TAP benefits and are deprived due to death, incapacity, or ab-
- 13 sence; or
- 3. Do not receive K-TAP benefits and are deprived due to unemployment;
- (b) Individuals aged sixty-five (65) and over who receive SSI benefits and:
- 16 1. Do not meet nursing facility patient status criteria in accordance with 907 KAR
- 17 **1:022; or**
- 2. Receive SSP benefits and do not meet nursing facility patient status criteria in ac-
- 19 cordance with 907 KAR 1:022;
- 20 (c) Blind individuals who receive SSI benefits and:
- 1. Do not meet nursing facility patient status criteria in accordance with 907 KAR
- 22 **1:022; or**
- 23 2. SSP benefits, and do not meet nursing facility patient status criteria in accordance

- 1 with 907 KAR 1:022;
- 2 (d) Disabled individuals who receive SSI benefits and:
- 3 1. Do not meet nursing facility patient status criteria in accordance with 907 KAR
- 4 1:022, including children; or
- 5 2. SSP benefits, and do not meet nursing facility patient status criteria in accordance
- 6 with 907 KAR 1:022;
- 7 (e) Individuals aged sixty-five (65) and over who have lost SSI or SSP benefits, are
- 8 eligible for "pass through" Medicaid benefits, and do not meet nursing facility patient
- 9 status criteria in accordance with 907 KAR 1:022;
- 10 (f) Blind individuals who have lost SSI or SSP benefits, are eligible for "pass through"
- 11 Medicaid benefits, and do not meet nursing facility patient status in accordance with 907
- 12 KAR 1:022;
- (g) Disabled individuals who have lost SSI or SSP benefits, are eligible for "pass"
- 14 through" Medicaid benefits, and do not meet nursing facility patient status in accordance
- 15 with 907 KAR 1:022;
- 16 (h) Pregnant women; or
- 17 (i) Medicaid works individuals.
- 18 (9) "KCHIP" means the Kentucky Children's Health Insurance Program.
- (10)[(8)][(10)] "KCHIP Separate Program" means a health benefit program for indi-
- viduals with eligibility determined in accordance with 907 KAR 4:030, Section 2.
- 21 (11)[(9)] "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means an entity for which the De-
- 22 partment for Medicaid Services has contracted to serve as a managed care organiza-
- 23 tion as defined in 42 C.F.R. 438.2.

- 1 (12)[(10)][(11) "K-TAP" means Kentucky's version of the federal block grant program
- 2 of Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), a money payment program for
- 3 children who are deprived of parental support or care due to:
- 4 (a) Death;
- 5 (b) Continued voluntary or involuntary absence;
- 6 (c) Physical or mental incapacity of one (1) parent or stepparent if two (2) parents are
- 7 in the home; or
- 8 (d) Unemployment of one (1) parent if both parents are in the home.
- 9 (12) "Medicaid Works individual" means an individual who:
- (a) But for earning in excess of the income limit established under 42 U.S.C.
- 1396d(q)(2)(B) would be considered to be receiving supplemental security income;
- (b) Is at least sixteen (16), but less than sixty-five (65), years of age;
- (c) Is engaged in active employment verifiable with:
- 14 1. Paycheck stubs;
- 15 2. Tax returns;
- 16 3. 1099 forms; or
- 4. Proof of quarterly estimated tax;
- (d) Meets the income standards established in 907 KAR 20:020; and
- (e) Meets the resource standards established in 907 KAR 20:025.
- 20 (13)[(11)][(13)] "Nonemergency" means a condition which does not require an emer-
- gency service pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 447.53.
- (14)[(12)][(14)] "Nonpreferred brand name drug" means a brand name drug that is
- 23 not on the department's preferred drug list.

- (15)[(13)][(15) "Optimum choices" means a benefit plan for an individual who:
- 2 (a) Meets the intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability pa-
- 3 tient status criteria established in 907 KAR 1:022;
- 4 (b) Receives services through either:
- 5 1. An intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability in accord-
- 6 ance with 907 KAR 1:022; or
- 7 2. The Supports for Community Living Waiver Program in accordance with 907 KAR
- 8 1:145; and
- 9 (c) Has a designated package code of S, T, U, V, W, X, Z, 0, or 1.
- 10 (16)] "Preferred <u>brand name[brand-name]</u> drug" means a <u>brand name[brand-name]</u>
- 11 drug<u>:</u>
- (a) For which no generic equivalent exists which has a more favorable cost to the de-
- 13 partment; and
- 14 (b) Which prescribers are encouraged to prescribe, if medically appropriate.
- 15 (16)[(14)] "Preventive service" means:
- 16 (a)1. All of the preventive services assigned a[For a child:
- 17 1. An immunization recommended by the Centers for Disease Control; or
- 18 **2. A preventive service:**
- a. Rated] grade of A or B by the United States Preventive Services Task Force
- 20 (USPSTF); **or**
- 21 **2.** All approved adult vaccines, including their administration, recommended by
- 22 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices;
- 23 (b) Preventive care and screening for infants, children, and adults recommend-

- ed by the Health Resources and Services Administration Bright Futures Program
- 2 Project[and
- 3 b. Recommended for children and adolescents by the USPSTF]; or
- 4 (c) Preventive services for women recommended by the Institute of Medi-
- 5 <u>cine[(b) For an adult, a preventive service:</u>
- 6 1. Rated grade A or B by the United States Preventive Services Task Force
- 7 (USPSTF); and
- 8 2. Recommended for adults by the USPSTF].
- 9 (17)[(15)][(17) "Premium" means an amount paid periodically to purchase health care benefits.
- 11 (18)] "Recipient" is defined in KRS 205.8451 and applies to an individual who has
 12 been determined eligible to receive benefits under the state's Title XIX or Title XXI pro-
- gram in accordance with Title 907 KAR[907 KAR Chapters 1 through 4].
- 14 (18)[(19)] "Transitional medical assistance" or "TMA" means an extension of
- 15 Medicaid benefits[for up to twelve (12) months for families who lose Medicaid eligibility
- solely because of increased earnings or hours of employment of the caretaker relative
- or loss of earning disregards] in accordance with 907 KAR 20:005, Section 5(5).
- Section 2.[Comprehensive Choices] Copayments[and Coinsurance]. (1) The follow-
- ing table establishes the:
- (a) Copayment amounts that a recipient shall pay, unless the recipient is exempt from
- 21 cost sharing pursuant to Section 3(1) of this administrative regulation; and
- 22 (b)[Except for an individual excluded pursuant to Section 6(1) of this administrative
- 23 regulation, a recipient of the comprehensive choices plan shall pay the copayment or

- coinsurance amount established in this table, with the] Corresponding provider reim-
- 2 bursement deductions.

Benefit	Copayment[or Coinsur-	Amount of Copayment[or
	ance] Amount	Coinsurance] Deducted
		from Provider Reimburse-
		ment
Acute inpatient hospital	\$50[\$10] copayment	Full amount of the copay-
admission		ment
Outpatient hospital or	<u>\$4</u> [\$3] copayment	Full amount of the copay-
ambulatory surgical cen-		ment
ter visit		
Generic prescription	\$1 copayment	Full amount of the copay-
drug[or an atypical anti-		ment
psychotic drug if no ge-		
neric equivalent for the		
atypical anti-psychotic		
drug exists for a recipient		
who does not have Med-		
icare Part D drug cover-		
age]		
Preferred brand name	<u>\$4</u> [\$2] copayment	Full amount of the copay-
drug[for a recipient who		ment

does not have Medicare		
Part D drug coverage]		
Nonpreferred brand	\$8[5% coinsurance, not to	Full amount of the copay-
name drug[for a recipi-	exceed \$20 per nonpre-	ment [coinsurance, not to
ent who does not have	ferred brand name drug	exceed \$20 per nonpre-
Medicare Part D drug	prescription]	ferred brand name drug
coverage]		prescription]
Emergency room for a	\$8[5% coinsurance, up to	Full amount of the copay-
nonemergency visit	a maximum of \$6]	ment[No deduction]
DMEPOS	\$4[3% coinsurance up to a	Full[The] amount of the co-
	maximum of \$15 per item]	payment [coinsurance or, if
		applicable, \$15]
Podiatry office visit	\$3[\$2] copayment	Full amount of the copay-
		ment
Chiropractic office visit	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
		ment
Dental office visit	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
		<u>ment</u>
Optometry office visit	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
		<u>ment</u>
General ophthalmologi-	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
cal office visit		ment
Physician office visit	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-

		ment
Office visit for care by a	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
physician assistant, an		<u>ment</u>
advanced practice regis-		
tered nurse, a certified		
pediatric and family		
nurse practitioner, or a		
nurse midwife		
Office visit for behavior-	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
al health care[by a be-		ment
havioral health profes-		
sional]		
Office visit to a rural	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
health clinic		<u>ment</u>
Office visit to a federally	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
qualified health center		ment
Office visit to a primary	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
care center		ment
Physical therapy office	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
<u>visit</u>		ment
Occupational therapy of-	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
fice visit		ment
Speech therapy office	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-

visit		ment
Laboratory, diagnostic,	<u>\$3</u>	Full amount of the copay-
or radiological service		<u>ment</u>

- 1 (2)[A recipient shall not be liable for more than:
- 2 (a) \$225 per calendar year for prescription drug copayments or coinsurance; or
- 3 (b) \$225 per calendar year for service copayments or coinsurance.
- 4 (3)] The maximum amount of cost-sharing shall not exceed five (5) percent of a fami-
- 5 ly's income for a quarter. [(4) If a service or benefit is not listed in the comprehensive
- 6 choices cost-sharing grid, the cost-sharing obligation shall be \$0 for that service or ben-
- 7 efit for an individual in the comprehensive choices benefit plan.]
- 8 Section 3. [Family Choices Copayments and Coinsurance. (1)(a) Except for an indi-
- 9 vidual excluded in accordance with Section 6(1) of this administrative regulation, only
- 10 KCHIP children shall be family choices individuals subject to copayments or coinsur-
- 11 ance.
- 12 (b) An individual referenced in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall pay the copay-
- 13 ment or coinsurance amounts established in the following table, along with the corre-
- 14 sponding provider reimbursement deductions.

Benefit	Copayment or Coinsur-	Amount of Copayment or Co-
	ance Amount	insurance Deducted from Pro-
		vider Reimbursement
Allergy service or test-	\$2 copayment	Full amount of copayment

ing (no copayment ex-		
ists for injections)		
Generic prescription	\$1 copayment	Full amount of copayment
drug or atypical anti-		
psychotic drug if no		
generic equivalent ex-		
ists		
Preferred brand name	\$2 copayment	Full amount of copayment
drug		
Nonpreferred brand	\$3 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
name drug		
Emergency room for a	5% coinsurance, up to a	No deduction
nonemergency visit	maximum of \$6	

- 1 (2) A recipient shall not be liable for more than:
- 2 (a) \$225 per calendar year for prescription drug copayments or coinsurance; or
- 3 (b) \$225 per calendar year for service copayments or coinsurance.
- 4 (3) The maximum amount of cost-sharing shall not exceed five (5) percent of a fami-
- 5 ly's income for a quarter.
- 6 (4) If a service or benefit is not listed in the family choices cost-sharing grid, the cost-
- 7 sharing obligation shall be \$0 for that service or benefit for an individual in the family
- 8 choices benefit plan.

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- Section 4. Global Choices Copayments and Coinsurance. (1) Except for an individual
- 2 excluded pursuant to Section 6(1) of this administrative regulation, a recipient of the
- 3 global choices plan shall pay the copayment or coinsurance amount established in this
- 4 table, with the corresponding provider reimbursement deductions.

Benefit	Copayment or Coin-	Copayment or Coinsurance Amount
	surance	Deducted from Provider Reim-
		bursement
Acute inpatient hospital	\$50 copayment	Full amount of copayment
admission		
Outpatient hospital or	\$3 copayment	Full amount of copayment
ambulatory surgical		
center visit		
Laboratory, diagnostic	\$3 copayment	Full amount of copayment
or radiology service		
Physician services	\$2 copayment	No deduction
Visit to a rural health	\$2 copayment	Full amount of copayment
clinic, a primary care		
center, or a federally		
qualified health center		
Dental office visit	\$2 copayment	No deduction
Physical therapy	\$2 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
Speech therapy	\$1 copayment	Full amount of the copayment

Chiropractic office visit	\$2 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
Generic prescription	\$1 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
drug or an atypical anti-		
psychotic drug if no ge-		
neric equivalent for the		
atypical anti-psychotic		
drug exists for a recipi-		
ent who does not have		
Medicare Part D drug		
coverage		
Preferred brand name	\$2 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
drug for a recipient who		
does not have Medicare		
Part D drug coverage		
Nonpreferred brand	5% coinsurance, not	Full amount of the coinsurance, not
name drug for a recipi-	to exceed \$20 per	to exceed \$20 per nonpreferred
ent who does not have	nonpreferred brand	brand name drug prescription
Medicare Part D drug	name drug prescrip-	
coverage	tion	
Emergency room for a	5% coinsurance, up	No deduction
nonemergency visit	to a maximum of \$6	
DMEPOS	Three (3) percent	The amount of the coinsurance or,
	coinsurance not to	if applicable, \$15

	exceed \$15 per item	
Podiatry office visit	\$2 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
Ophthalmological or op-	\$2 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
tometric office visit		
(99000 series evalua-		
tion and management		
codes)		

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- 2 (2) Physician services shall:
- 3 (a) Include care provided by a physician, a certified pediatric and family nurse practi-
- 4 tioner, a nurse midwife, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, or a physician assis-
- 5 tant; and
- 6 (b) Not include a visit to a federally-qualified health center, rural health clinic, or a
- 7 primary care center.
- 8 (3) A recipient shall not be liable for more than:
- 9 (a) \$225 per calendar year for prescription drug copayments or coinsurance; or
- 10 (b) \$225 per calendar year for service copayments or coinsurance.
- 11 (4) The maximum amount of cost-sharing shall not exceed five (5) percent of a fami-
- 12 ly's income for a quarter.
- 13 (5) If a service or benefit is not listed in the global choices cost-sharing grid, the cost-
- sharing obligation shall be \$0 for that service for an individual in the global choices ben-
- 15 efit plan.
- Section 5. Optimum Choices Copayments and Coinsurance. (1) Except for an indi-

- vidual excluded pursuant to Section 6(1) of this administrative regulation, a recipient of
- 2 the optimum choices plan shall pay the copayment or coinsurance amount established
- 3 in this table, with the corresponding provider reimbursement deductions.

Benefit	Copayment or Co-	Amount of Copayment or Coin-
	insurance Amount	surance Deducted from Provider
		Reimbursement
Acute inpatient hospital	\$10 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
admission		
Outpatient hospital or	\$3 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
ambulatory surgical		
center visit		
Generic prescription	\$1 copayment	Full amount of the copayment
drug or an atypical an-		
ti-psychotic drug if no		
generic equivalent for		
the atypical anti-		
psychotic drug exists		
for a recipient who		
does not have Medi-		
care Part D drug cov-		
erage		
Preferred brand name	\$2 copayment	Full amount of the copayment

drug for a recipient		
who does not have		
Medicare Part D drug		
coverage		
Nonpreferred brand	5% coinsurance,	Full amount of the coinsurance,
name drug for a recipi-	not to exceed \$20	not to exceed \$20 per nonpre-
ent who does not have	per nonpreferred	ferred brand name drug prescrip-
Medicare Part D drug	brand name drug	tion
coverage	prescription	
Emergency room for a	5% coinsurance,	No deduction
nonemergency visit	up to a maximum	
	of \$6	
DMEPOS	3% coinsurance	The amount of the coinsurance
	up to a maximum	or, if applicable, \$15
	of \$15 per item	
Podiatry office visit	\$2 copayment	Full amount of the copayment

- 1 (2) A recipient shall not be liable for more than:
- 2 (a) \$225 per calendar year for prescription drug copayments or coinsurance; or
- 3 (b) \$225 per calendar year for service copayments or coinsurance.
- 4 (3) The maximum amount of cost-sharing shall not exceed five (5) percent of a fami-
- 5 ly's income for a quarter.
- 6 (4) If a service or benefit is not listed in the optimum choices cost-sharing grid, the

- cost-sharing obligation shall be \$0 for that service or benefit for an individual in the op-
- 2 timum choices benefit plan.
- 3 Section 6.] Copayment[, Coinsurance and Premium] General Provisions and Exemp-
- 4 <u>tions[Exclusions]</u>. (1)(a) **Except for a foster care child**, a recipient shall not be exempt
- 5 from paying the eight (8) dollar copayment for a nonpreferred brand name drug pre-
- 6 scription.
- 7 (b) No copayment shall be imposed for a service, prescription, item, supply,
- 8 equipment, or any type of Medicaid benefit provided to a foster care child.
- 9 (c) Except for the mandatory copayment referenced in paragraph (a) of this subsec-
- 10 <u>tion</u>, the department shall impose no cost sharing for the following:
- 11 $\underline{1.[(a)]}$ A service furnished to an individual who has reached his or her 18th birthday,
- but has not turned nineteen (19), and who is required to be provided medical assistance
- under 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(I), including services furnished to an individual with
- respect to whom aid or assistance is made available under Title IV, Part B (42 U.S.C.
- 620 to 629i) to children in foster care and individuals with respect to whom adoption or
- foster care assistance is made available under Title IV, Part E (42 U.S.C. 670 to 679b),
- without regard to age;
- 2.[(b)] A preventive service[(for example, well baby and well child care and immuniza-
- 19 tions) provided to a child under eighteen (18) years of age regardless of family income];
- 3.[(c)] A service furnished to a pregnant woman;
- 4[(d)] A service furnished to a terminally ill individual who is receiving hospice care
- 22 as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(o);
- 5.[(e)] A service furnished to an individual who is an inpatient in a hospital, nursing

- facility, intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability, or other
- 2 medical institution, if the individual is required, as a condition of receiving services in the
- institution under Kentucky's Medicaid Program, to spend for costs of medical care all but
- a minimal amount of the individual's income required for personal needs;
- 5 <u>6.[(f)]</u> An emergency service as defined by 42 C.F.R. 447.53;
- 6 $\underline{7.[(g)]}$ A family planning service or supply as described in 42 U.S.C. 1396d (a)(4)(C);
- 7 **or**
- 8 <u>8.[(h)]</u> A service furnished to a woman who is receiving medical assistance via the
- 9 application of 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVIII) and 1396a(aa).
- (2) The department has determined that any individual liable for a copayment[, coin-
- surance amount or premium] shall:
- (a) Be able to pay a required copayment[, coinsurance amount or premium]; and
- (b) Be responsible for a required copayment[, coinsurance or premium].
- 14 (3) A pharmacy provider or supplier, including a pharmaceutical manufacturer as de-
- fined in 42 U.S.C. 1396r-8(k)(5), or a representative, employee, independent contractor
- or agent of a pharmaceutical manufacturer, shall not make a copayment[or coinsurance
- 17 amount] for a recipient.
- (4) A parent or guardian shall be responsible for a copayment (, coinsurance amount
- or premium imposed on a dependent child under the age of twenty-one (21).
- 20 (5)(a)[Provisions regarding a provider's ability to deny a service or benefit
- 21 based on a recipient's failure to make a required copayment] [or coinsurance pay-
- 22 ment] [shall be as established in:
- 23 (a) KRS 205.6312(4) shall apply regarding a service and a copayment obliga-

- 1 tion[; and
- 2 (b) 2012 Ky. Acts ch. 144, Part I.G.3.b.(14) [2006 Ky. Acts ch. 252 and in accord-
- 3 ance with 42 U.S.C. 13960-1].
- 4 (b) Any amount of uncollected copayment by a provider from a recipient shall
- 5 be considered a debt to the provider.
- 6 (6)(a) A provider:
- 7 <u>1.[(a)]</u> Shall collect from a recipient the copayment[, coinsurance amount or premium]
- 8 as imposed by the department for a recipient in accordance with this administrative reg-
- 9 ulation;
- 2.[(b)] Shall not waive a copayment[, coinsurance amount, or premium] obligation as
- imposed by the department for a recipient; and
- 3.[(c)] May collect a copayment[, coinsurance amount, or premium] at the time a
- benefit is provided or at a later date.
- 14 **(b)** Regarding a service or item for an enrollee in which the managed care or-
- 15 ganization in which the enrollee is enrolled does not impose a copayment, the
- provider shall not collect a copayment from the enrollee.
- (7) Cumulative cost sharing for [premium payments and] copayments for a family with
- children who receive benefits under Title XXI, 42 U.S.C. 1397aa to 1397jj, shall be lim-
- ited to five (5) percent of the annual family income.
- 20 (8) In accordance with 42 C.F.R. 447.82, [A monthly premium for a family who re-
- 21 ceives benefits under 42 U.S.C. 1396r-6(b) shall not exceed three (3) percent of:
- 22 (a) The family's average gross monthly income; or
- 23 (b) The family's average gross monthly income minus the average monthly costs of

- child care necessary for the employment of the caretaker relative.
- 2 (9)] the department shall not increase its reimbursement to a provider to offset an un-
- 3 collected copayment[, coinsurance amount or premium] from a recipient.[Section 7.
- 4 Premiums for KCHIP Separate Program Recipients.
- 5 (1) A family with children participating in the KCHIP-Separate Program shall pay a
- 6 premium of twenty (20) dollars per family, per month.
- 7 (2)(a) The family of a new KCHIP-Separate Program eligible shall be required to pay
- 8 a premium beginning with the first full month of benefits after the month of application.
- 9 (b) Benefits shall be effective with the date of application if the premium specified in
- paragraph (a) of this subsection has been paid.
- 11 (3) Retroactive eligibility as described in 907 KAR 20:010, Section 1(3), shall not ap-
- 12 ply to a recipient participating in the KCHIP-Separate Program.
- 13 (4)(a) If a family fails to make two (2) consecutive premium payments, benefits shall
- be discontinued at the end of the first benefit month for which the premium has not been
- 15 paid.
- 16 (b)1. A KCHIP-Separate Program recipient shall be eligible for reenrollment upon
- 17 payment of the missed premium.
- 2. If twelve (12) months have elapsed since a missed premium, a KCHIP-Separate
- 19 Program recipient shall not be required to pay the missed premium before reenrolling.
- 20 Section 8. Premiums for Transitional Medical Assistance Recipients. (1) A family re-
- ceiving a second six (6) months of TMA, whose monthly countable earned income is
- 22 greater than 100 percent of the federal poverty limit, shall pay a premium of thirty (30)
- 23 dollars per family, per month.

- 1 (2) If a TMA family fails to make two (2) consecutive premium payments, benefits
- 2 shall be discontinued at the end of the benefit month for which the premium has not
- 3 been paid unless the family has established to the satisfaction of the department that
- 4 good cause existed for failure to pay the premium on a timely basis. Good cause shall
- 5 exist under the following circumstances:
- 6 (a) An immediate family member living in the home was institutionalized or died dur-
- 7 ing the payment month;
- 8 (b) The family was victim of a natural disaster including flood, storm, earthquake, or
- 9 serious fire;
- 10 (c) The caretaker relative was out of town for the payment month; or
- 11 (d) The family moved and reported the move timely, but the move resulted in:
- 12 1. A delay in receiving the billing notice; or
- 2. Failure to receive the billing notice.
- Section 4.[9.] Premiums for Medicaid Works Individuals. (1)(a) A Medicaid Works in-
- dividual shall pay a monthly premium that is:
- 1. Based on income used to determine eligibility for the program; and
- 2. Established in subsection (2) of this section.
- (b) The monthly premium shall be:
- 1. Thirty-five (35) dollars for an individual whose income is greater than 100 percent
- 20 but no more than 150 percent of the FPL;
- 2. Forty-five (45) dollars for an individual whose income is greater than 150 percent
- but no more than 200 percent of the FPL; and
- 3. Fifty-five (55) dollars for an individual whose income is greater than 200 percent

- but no more than 250 percent of the FPL.
- 2 (2) An individual whose family income is equal to or below 100 percent of the FPL
- 3 shall not be required to pay a monthly premium.
- 4 (3) A Medicaid Works individual shall begin paying a premium with the first full month
- of benefits after the month of application.
- 6 (4) Benefits shall be effective with the date of application if the premium specified in
- 7 subsection (1) of this section has been paid.
- 8 (5) Retroactive eligibility pursuant to 907 KAR 20:010, Section 1(3), shall not apply to
- 9 a Medicaid Works individual.
- (6) If a recipient fails to make two (2) consecutive premium payments, benefits shall
- be discontinued at the end of the first benefit month for which the premium has not been
- 12 paid.
- 13 (7) A Medicaid Works individual shall be eligible for reenrollment upon payment of the
- missed premium providing all other technical eligibility, income, and resource standards
- continue to be met.
- (8) If twelve (12) months have elapsed since a missed premium, a Medicaid Works
- individual shall not be required to pay the missed premium before reenrolling.[Section
- 18 10. Notices and Collection of Premiums. (1) Premiums shall be collected in accordance
- with Sections 7, 8, and 9 of this administrative regulation.
- 20 (2) The department shall give advance written notice of the:
- 21 (a) Premium amount; and
- 22 (b) Date the premium is due.
- 23 (3) To continue to receive benefits, a family shall pay a premium:

- 1 (a) In full; and
- 2 (b) In advance.
- 3 (4) If a family pays the required premiums semiannually or quarterly in advance, they
- 4 shall receive a ten (10) percent discount.]
- 5 Section <u>5.[11.]</u> Provisions for <u>Enrollees[Recipients in Medicaid-Managed Care].[(1)]</u> A
- 6 managed care organization[entity]:
- 7 (1)[(a)] Shall not impose[on a recipient receiving services through a managed-care
- 8 entity operating in accordance with 907 KAR 1:705] a copayment on an enrollee[, coin-
- 9 surance or premium] that exceeds a copayment[, coinsurance or premium] established
- in this administrative regulation; and
- 11 (2)[(b)] May impose on an enrollee[upon a recipient referenced in paragraph (a) of
- 12 this subsection]:
- 13 (a)[1.] A lower copayment[, coinsurance or premium] than established in this adminis-
- 14 trative regulation; or
- 15 (b)[2.] No copayment[, coinsurance or premium. (2) A six (6) month guarantee of eli-
- gibility as described in 907 KAR 1:705, Section 3(6)] shall not apply to a recipient re-
- quired to pay a premium pursuant to Section 7 of this administrative regulation].
- Section 6.[12.] Freedom of Choice. (1) In accordance with 42 C.F.R. 431.51, a recipi-
- ent who is not an enrollee may obtain services from any qualified provider who is willing
- to provide services to that particular recipient.
- 21 (2) A managed care organization may restrict an enrollee's choice of providers to the
- 22 providers in the provider network of the managed care organization in which the enrol-
- lee is enrolled except as established in:

- 1 (a) 42 C.F.R. 438.52; or
- 2 (b) 42 C.F.R. 438.114(c).
- Section 7.[13.] Notice of Discontinuance, Hearings, and Appeal Rights.[(1) The de-
- 4 partment shall give written notice of, and an opportunity to pay, past due premiums prior
- 5 to discontinuance of benefits for nonpayment of a premium.
- 6 (2)(a) If a family's income has declined, the family shall submit documentation show-
- 7 ing the decline in income.
- 8 (b) Following receipt of the documentation, the department shall determine if the
- 9 family is required to pay the premiums established in Section 7, 8, or 9 of this adminis-
- 10 trative regulation using the new income level.
- (c) If the family is required to pay the premium and the premium has not been paid,
- the benefits shall be discontinued in accordance with Section 7(4)(a), 8(2), or 9(6) of
- 13 this administrative regulation.
- (d) If the family is not required to pay the premium, benefits shall be continued under
- 15 an appropriate eligibility category.
- 16 (3) The department shall provide the recipient with an opportunity for a hearing in ac-
- 17 cordance with 907 KAR 1:560 upon discontinuing benefits for nonpayment of premiums.
- 18 (4) An appeal of a department decision regarding the Medicaid eligibility of an indi-
- vidual shall be in accordance with 907 KAR 1:560.
- 20 Section 8. Effective Date. The cost sharing provisions and requirements established
- in this administrative regulation shall be effective beginning January 1, 2014.
- Section 9. Federal Approval and Federal Funding. The department's copayment pro-
- visions established in this administrative regulation shall be contingent upon:

- 1 (1) The receipt of federal financial participation; and
- 2 (2) Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' approval.

907 KAR 1:604	
REVIEWED:	
Date	Lawrence Kissner, Commissioner Department for Medicaid Services
APPROVED:	
Date	Audrey Tayse Haynes, Secretary Cabinet for Health and Family Services

REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS AND TIERING STATEMENT

Administrative Regulation: 907 KAR 1:604

Contact Person: Stuart Owen

- (1) Provide a brief summary of:
- (a) What this administrative regulation does: This administrative regulation establishes the cost sharing requirements and provisions for the Kentucky Medicaid program.
- (b) The necessity of this administrative regulation: This administrative regulation is necessary to establish the cost sharing requirements and provisions for the Kentucky Medicaid program.
- (c) How this administrative regulation conforms to the content of the authorizing statutes: This administrative regulation conforms to the content of the authorizing statutes by establishing the cost sharing requirements and provisions for the Kentucky Medicaid program.
- (d) How this administrative regulation currently assists or will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: This administrative regulation assists in the effective administration of the statutes by establishing the cost sharing requirements and provisions for the Kentucky Medicaid program.
- (2) If this is an amendment to an existing administrative regulation, provide a brief summary of:
- (a) How the amendment will change this existing administrative regulation: This amendment eliminates references to four (4) benefit plans to which Medicaid recipients previously have been assigned (comprehensive choices, family choices, global choices, and optimum choices) along with the corresponding cost sharing for each benefit plan; establishes uniform cost sharing for Medicaid recipients (except for those who are exempt from cost sharing or are enrolled with a managed care organization); eliminates premiums; eliminates references to co-insurance as only copayments, rather than coinsurance, are imposed going forward; establishes that the eight (8) dollar copayment for a nonpreferred brand name drug applies to all Medicaid recipients (no exemptions); establishes that the Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) will reduce the provider's reimbursement by the amount of the copayment for a physician's office visit, dental office visit, and non-emergent emergency room visit (as DMS does with all other copayments); and inserts a definition of preventive services. DMS is repealing a related administrative regulation which establishes the four (4) benefit plans as there was little difference among the plans and the plans created an administrative burden for DMS, providers, and managed care organizations. As a result of eliminating the four (4) benefit plans there will be uniform cost sharing obligations. Cost sharing changes vary based on an individual's benefit plan but include raising the outpatient hospital/ambulatory surgical center copay from three (3) dollars to four (4) dollars, raising the preferred brand name drug copay from two (2) dollars to four (4) dollars, changing the non-preferred brand name drug copay from five (5) percent of the cost (not to exceed twenty (20) dollars to eight (8) dollars, raising the copay for non-emergent care in an emergency room from six (6) dollars to eight (8) dollars, lowering the durable medical equipment copay from no more than fifteen (15) dollars to a fixed copay of four (4) dollars, increasing the

podiatry office visit copay from two (2) dollars to three (3) dollars, increasing the dental office visit copay from two (2) dollars to three (3) dollars, raising the ophthalmological and optometry office visit copays from two (2) dollars to three (3) dollars, increasing the physical therapy office visit from two (2) dollars to three (3) dollars, increasing the speech therapy office visit copay from one (1) dollar to three (3) dollars, establishing an occupational therapy office visit copay of three (3) dollars, increasing the physician's office visit copay from two (2) dollars to three (3) dollars, and increasing the rural health clinic office visit, the federally-qualified health center office visit, and primary care center office visit copays from two (2) dollars to three (3) dollars. DMS no longer imposes premiums for participation in the Kentucky Children's Health Insurance Program (KCHIP); thus, DMS is deleting the provisions regarding premiums. The amendment after comments inserts a definition of "dependent child" and of "community spouse"; revises the definition of "preventive service"; clarifies that foster care children are exempt from all cost sharing; clarifies the copayment associated with behavioral health care to an "office visit for behavioral health care" rather than the initial terminology of "office visit for care by a behavioral health professional"; clarifies that KRS 205.6312(4) – a Kentucky Revised Statute which prohibits Medicaid providers from refusing to provide a service to a Medicaid recipient due to the recipient's inability to pay a copayment – is the relevant statutory requirement and deletes a reference to a related provision in the 2012-2013 Biennium Budget; clarifies that uncollected copayments by a provider shall be considered debt; and clarifies that a provider shall not collect a copayment from a Medicaid recipient enrolled in a managed care organization (MCO) if the MCO in which the recipient is enrolled imposes no copayment for the given service.

(b) The necessity of the amendment to this administrative regulation: Eliminating the four (4) benefit plans (and establishing uniform cost sharing provisions) is necessary as the plans have minimal differences in cost sharing and created an administrative burden for the Department for Medicaid Services, providers, and managed care organizations. DMS is eliminating provisions regarding premiums because DMS no longer charges premiums for KCHIP participation as the biennium budget suspended such premiums. Inserting a definition of preventive services is necessary to clarify the services exempt from cost sharing as preventive services for all ages (as mandated by the Affordable Care Act and federal regulation) are exempt from cost sharing. DMS adopted the definition of preventive services that comports with the relevant federal law and regulation. DMS is increasing cost sharing amounts for services as permitted by federal requirements in order to discourage inappropriate utilization of Medicaid services. DMS is not exempting anyone from the eight (8) dollar nonpreferred brand name drug copayment because for such drugs there will always be a preferred brand name drug option and DMS wants to encourage use of preferred brand name drugs over nonpreferred brand name drugs. Reducing provider's reimbursement by the amount of the copayment for physician's office visits, dental office visits, and non-emergent emergency room visits is necessary to comply with federal regulation and directive from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Establishing that DMS's cost sharing is contingent upon federal approval and federal funding is necessary to protect Kentucky taxpayer monies from being spent in the event that federal matching funds are not provided. The definitions added or revised via the amendment after comments are necessary for clarity; inserting language to exempt foster care children from copayments is necessary to correct an oversight; revising the behavioral health office visit language is necessary for clarity; eliminating the reference to the section of the Biennium Budget which [in contrast to KRS 205.6312(4)] allows pharmacist to deny prescriptions to a Medicaid recipient due to the recipient's not having the copayment is necessary as the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) barred DMS (as a condition of approving the associated cost sharing "state plan amendment) from allowing a Medicaid provider to deny a service to a recipient due to the recipient not having the copayment for the service; clarifying that uncollected copayments equate to provider debt is necessary for clarity; and clarifying that a provider shall not collect a copayment from a Medicaid recipient enrolled in a managed care organization (MCO) if the MCO in which the recipient is enrolled imposes no copayment for the given service is necessary for clarity.

- (c) How the amendment conforms to the content of the authorizing statutes: This amendment conforms to the content of the authorizing statutes by eliminating an administratively burdensome (for DMS and providers) benefit plan structure; complying with federal requirements; complying with the biennium budget; protecting Kentucky taxpayer monies in the event that federal matching funds are not provided; and by discouraging inappropriate utilization of Medicaid services. The amendment after comments will conform to the authorizing statutes by clarifying policies and ensuring compliance with federal requirements.
- (d) How the amendment will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: This amendment will assist in the effective administration of the authorizing statutes by eliminating an administratively burdensome (for DMS and providers) benefit plan structure; complying with federal requirements; complying with the biennium budget; protecting Kentucky taxpayer monies in the event that federal matching funds are not provided; and by discouraging inappropriate utilization of Medicaid services. The amendment after comments will assist in the effective administration of the authorizing statutes by clarifying policies and ensuring compliance with federal requirements.
- (3) List the type and number of individuals, businesses, organizations, or state and local government affected by this administrative regulation: All Medicaid recipients who are not exempt from cost sharing will be affected by the amendment as well as Medicaid providers for whose services cost sharing is applied.
- (4) Provide an analysis of how the entities identified in question (3) will be impacted by either the implementation of this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change, if it is an amendment, including:
- (a) List the actions that each of the regulated entities identified in question (3) will have to take to comply with this administrative regulation or amendment. Providers of services for which cost sharing is imposed will be required to impose cost sharing when providing the given service and recipients are responsible for paying cost sharing.
- (b) In complying with this administrative regulation or amendment, how much will it cost each of the entities identified in question (3). Providers may experience administrative cost associated with updating the cost sharing amounts per service or costs resulting from a Medicaid recipient refusing to pay a copayment obligation.
- (c) As a result of compliance, what benefits will accrue to the entities identified in question (3). Medicaid recipients who receive preventive services will benefit from the

lack of cost sharing applied to the services. Providers will benefit from a uniform cost sharing structure rather than a structure comprised of four (4) benefit plans with varying cost sharing obligations.

- (5) Provide an estimate of how much it will cost to implement this administrative regulation:
- (a) Initially: The Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) anticipates no additional cost, other than programming changes to its Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS), as a result of the amendment to this administrative regulation.
 - (b) On a continuing basis: The response to question (a) also applies here.
- (6) What is the source of the funding to be used for the implementation and enforcement of this administrative regulation: The sources of revenue to be used for implementation and enforcement of this administrative regulation are federal funds authorized under Title XIX of the Social Security Act and matching funds from general fund appropriations.
- (7) Provide an assessment of whether an increase in fees or funding will be necessary to implement this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change if it is an amendment: Neither an increase in fees nor funding will be necessary to implement the amendment.
- (8) State whether or not this administrative regulation establishes any fees or directly or indirectly increases any fees: The amendment to this administrative regulation neither establishes nor increases any fees.
- (9) Tiering: Is tiering applied? Tiering is applied in that some Medicaid recipients are exempt (by federal regulation or law) from most cost sharing obligations.

FEDERAL MANDATE ANALYSIS COMPARISON

- 1. Federal statute or regulation constituting the federal mandate. 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(14), 42 U.S.C. 1396o, 42 C.F.R. 447.50 through 447.60, 42 C.F.R. 447.82, and 42 C.F.R. 438.108
- 2. State compliance standards. KRS 205.520(3) authorizes the cabinet, by administrative regulation, to comply with a requirement that may be imposed or opportunity presented by federal law for the provision of medical assistance to Kentucky's indigent citizenry. KRS 194A.050(1) authorizes the Cabinet for Health and Family Services secretary to "formulate, promote, establish, and execute policies, plans, and programs and shall adopt, administer, and enforce throughout the Commonwealth all applicable state laws and all administrative regulations necessary under applicable state laws to protect, develop, and maintain the health, personal dignity, integrity, and sufficiency of the individual citizens of the Commonwealth and necessary to operate the programs and fulfill the responsibilities vested in the cabinet. The secretary shall promulgate, administer, and enforce those administrative regulations necessary to implement programs mandated by federal law, or to qualify for the receipt of federal funds and necessary to cooperate with other state and federal agencies for the proper administration of the cabinet and its programs."
- 3. Minimum or uniform standards contained in the federal mandate. 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(14) authorizes a state's Medicaid program to impose cost sharing only as allowed by 42 U.S.C. 1396o. 42 U.S.C. 1396o establishes categories of individuals for whom a state's Medicaid program may not impose cost sharing as well as cost sharing and premium limits, 42 C.F.R. 447.50 through 447.60 also establishes limits on cost sharing (based on income of the given Medicaid eligibility group); Medicaid populations exempt from cost sharing (children, pregnant women, institutionalized individuals for example); services exempt from cost sharing (emergency services, family planning services to child-bearing age individuals); prohibition against multiple cost sharing for one (1) service; a requirement that state Medicaid programs do not increase a provider's reimbursement by the amount of cost sharing; and a requirement that managed care organizations' cost sharing must comply with the aforementioned federal regulations. 42 C.F.R. 447.82 requires a state's Medicaid program to reduce its reimbursement to a provider by the amount of any cost sharing imposed on a recipient for a given service. 42 C.F.R. 438.108 establishes that a managed care organization's cost sharing must comply with the federal cost sharing requirements for Medicaid established in 42 C.F.R. 447.50 through 42 C.F.R. 447.60.
- 4. Will this administrative regulation impose stricter requirements, or additional or different responsibilities or requirements, than those required by the federal mandate? No.
- 5. Justification for the imposition of the stricter standard, or additional or different responsibilities or requirements. Stricter requirements are not imposed.

FISCAL NOTE ON STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- 1. What units, parts or divisions of state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) will be impacted by this administrative regulation? The Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) will be affected by the amendment to this administrative regulation.
- 2. Identify each state or federal regulation that requires or authorizes the action taken by the administrative regulation. Federal regulations 42 C.F.R. 447.50 through 42 C.F.R. 447.60, 42 C.F.R. 447.82, and this administrative regulation authorize the action taken by this administrative regulation.
- 3. Estimate the effect of this administrative regulation on the expenditures and revenues of a state or local government agency (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for the first full year the administrative regulation is to be in effect.
- (a) How much revenue will this administrative regulation generate for the state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for the first year? DMS does not expect the amendment to this administrative regulation to generate revenue for state or local government.
- (b) How much revenue will this administrative regulation generate for the state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for subsequent years? DMS does not expect the amendment to this administrative regulation to generate revenue for state or local government.
- (c) How much will it cost to administer this program for the first year? The Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) anticipates no additional cost, other than programming changes to its Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS), as a result of the amendment to this administrative regulation.
- (d) How much will it cost to administer this program for subsequent years? The response to question (c) also applies here.

Note: If specific dollar estimates cannot be determined, provide a brief narrative to explain the fiscal impact of the administrative regulation.

Revenues (+/-):

Expenditures (+/-):

Other Explanation: